LITERATURE.

REVIEW OF NEW BOOKS. RESOURCES OF THE PACIFIC SLOPE. By. J. ROSS

Browne. Published by D. Appleton & Co.

Philadelphia agent, D. Ashmead. We regret that the crowded state of our columns prevents us from making more than a mere mention of this valuable and important work. Mr. J. Ross Browne, one of the most competent men that could be found for the task, was selected by the Government to prepare a statistical and descriptive summary of the mines and minerals, climate, topography, agriculture, commerce, manufactures, and miscellaneous productions of the States and Territories west of the Rocky Mountains. Mr. Brown was aided by a competent corps of assistants, and the result of their labors is contained in the volume before us. Appended to the report is an interesting and valuable sketch of the settlement and explorations of Lower California from its discovery in 1532 to 1867, and sketches of Washington and Nevada

-D. Ashmead also sends us, of Appleton's publications, "Woodside and Seaside," an elegant holiday quarto, printed on tinted paper and handsomely bound, containing selections from some of the most esteemed American and English poets, and finely illustrated with designs by Birket Foster, Dalziel, Howe, Duncan, Harvey, Weir, and other artists; "Newton Forster," one of the attractive fifty-cent edition of Captain Maryatt's ever-popular sea stories, and "Isaiah," with notes critical and explanatory, by Rev-Henry Cowles, D. D. This last-named work is the third of a series of notes on the Old Testament prophets designed for the use of pastors and people.

-Claxton, Remsen & Haffelfinger publish "Silver Threads," by Harriet B. McKeever, an interesting story, founded on an incident connected with the rescue of a little shipwrecked girl, which the author read several

-From the same house we have received "Wild Life Under the Equator," by Paul du Chaillu, and "Adventures in the Apache Country," by J. Ross Browne, published by Harper & Brothers. Mr. du Chaillu gives a narrative of his wonderful adventures in the gorilla country, in a shape suited to the tastes and understandings of young people. The book is handsomely bound and copiously illustrated, and there are few boys who will not consider it an acceptable gift for Christmas. Mr. J. Ross Browne, who is always amusing as well as instructive, also gives a record of adventures in Arizona and Sonora. This volume is rendered attractive by numerous illustra. tions drawn by the author, and representing the scenes, incidents, and people he met with

-Messrs. Claxton, Remsen & Haffelfinger also send us "A Treatise on the Domestic Practice of Medicine," by William Paine, M. D. Published by the University Publishing Society. In this treatise the author does not propose to substitute a book for a regular | capable of. physician, but to furnish the public with such information as is indispensable to the care of the sick and the aid of the educated physician; also to enable the non-medical reader to treat many simple diseases.

-From J. B. Lippincott & Co. we have received "Tricotrin: the Story of a Waif and Bowditch. We quote the following:-Stray," by "Onida." This story is dedicated to the American people, and it will doubtless be read with interest by the many admirers of the author in this country. "Onida's" stories are full of action and highly-wrought situations, which render them attractive and enter. taining, although we may be disposed to quarrel at times with the somewhat exaggerated style. This volume is embellished with a fine steel portrait of the author.

-From the American Sunday School Union we have received "The Little House in the Hollow," a religious story for children.

-Messrs. Hurd & Houghton announce "Tobacco and Alcohol an Antidote." By John Fiske, A. M., LL. B. This volume will be an attempt to answer Mr. Parton's extensively circulated articles against tobacco and alcohol, and the subjects will be treated under the heads "It Does Pay to Smoke" and "The Coming Man will Drink Wine."

-The first of a series of papers by Mr. Charles Dickens, entitled "New Uncommercial Samples," has appeared in Every Saturday, published by Fields, Osgood & Co. These papers will be of the same general character as the "Uncommercial Traveller" papers, and may be regarded as a continuation of them-Mr. Anthony Trollope's story, entitled "He Knew He Was Right," now appearing serially in Every Saturday, increases in interest as it progresses, and it promises to be one of his best novels. Every Saturday has always an attractive variety of articles culled from the best European magazines and reviews.

THE JANUARY MAGAZINES.

"The Atlantic," The January number of the Atlantic commences the twenty-third volume, and opens with a serial story by Colonel T. W. Higginson, entitled "Malbone: an Oldport Romance." From Bayard Taylor's poem, "The Sunshine

of the Gods," we take these verses:-As a man that walks in the mist, As one that gropes for the morning Through lengthening chambers of twilight, The souls of the poems wander Restless, and dumb, and lost, Till the Word, like a beam of morning, Shivers the pregnant silence, And the light of speech descends Like a tongue of the Pentecost! Ah, moment not to be purchased, Not to be won by prayers, Not by toil to be conquered

But given, lest one despair, By the gods in wayward kindness, Stay-thou art all too fair ! Hour of the dancing measures, Sylph of the dew and rainbow, Let us clutch thy shining hair ! For the mist is blown from the mind, For the impotent yearning is over,

And the wings of the thoughts have power; In the warmth and the glow creative Existence mellows and ripens, And a crowd of swift surprises Sweetens the fortunate hour; Till a shudder of rapture loosens The tears that hang on the eyelids Like a breeze-suspended shower, With a sense of heavenly freshness Blown from beyond the sunshine, And the blood, like the sap of the roses, Breaks into bud and flower.

"A Literary Gourmand" is by Henry James; and "The Good-natured Pendulum" is a characteristic story by E. E. Hale. Mr. James Russell Lowell has a poem eutitled "The Flying Dutchman." In the third paper on "Co-operative Housekeeping" the author asserts that our present system of domestic service is a relic of slavery:-

We mistresses who try to regulate independently these creatures who come to us we know not whence, and flit away we know not where, little realize that we are bearing up the heavy fag end of the once universal system under which not only domestic labor, but every possible species of agricultural and manufacturing art, was carried on in the houses or on the estates of their owners by slaves, who could no more dream of giving their mistresses warning and leaving the following week, if they disapproved her arrangements, than they could hope to reverse the decrees of fate itself—running away, when there was nothing but slavery to run to, not holding out those rosy inducements that of late the North did to the Southern bondwoman. Serfdom was at its last gasp in Queen Elizabeth's day, but the tradition of bondage remained for a hundred years or In Cromwell's time servants were only paid a few dollars a year; they seldom left their places, and were glad to transmit them to their children after them. But the disorganization begun by emancipation has calminated in our American chaos, where from its very foundation the domestic temple sways and fluctuates unceasingly on its ever-changing basis of ill-trained and unprincipled service creating an antagonistic feeling which renders the relation of mistress and servant but a coldblooded bargain, formed in suspicion, and dissolved with pleasure on the slightest provo-

All our trouble comes because we are going against the spirit of the age, which revolts against submission to an individual will, but freely subjects itself to the despotism of an organization. American-born girls, as we all know, have long abandoned domestic service for the factory, the shop, and the district school; and the Irish girls are following their example, so that under the present system it is a grave question where, when Irish emigration ceases, the servants of the next generation are to come from. Even without this problem to trouble us, however, with the American idea deely implanted in servants that the maid is as good as the mistress, it is absurd to hope for obedience and respect, and the only way to control them the is by unalterable laws and regulations of an organized incorporation. The community would need fewer of them, their wages would be higher, and as service would then be as "respectable" and "independent" as factory work, and (owing to the good meals and lodgings we could easily provide for them) far more comfortable, a much better class of women would go into it than we ever see in our families, while even those who do so badly in private houses, by the accurate division of labor, and the having only one kind of thing to attend to all day long, would reach a higher standard of perfection than with their present diversity of duties they are

"In the Teutoburger Forest" is one of Bayard Taylor's series of articles on the Byways of Europe. Mr. Whittier contributes a poem, "After the Election." "Consumption in America" is the first of a series of articles on this important subject, by Dr. Henry J.

We know of two families in Massachusetts of whom the following story may be to'd. Two healthy brothers married two healthy sisters. Both had large families of children. One lived on the old homestead, on the southern slope of one of the numerous beautiful and well-drained hills in that vicinity. The whole house was bathed all day long sunlight, and consumption did not touch any of the young lives under its roof. The other brother placed his house at a very short distance oil, but upon a grassy plain, covered all summer with the rankest verdure. In its front was a large open "com-In the centre of this water oozed up mon." from between the split hoofs of the cows as they came lowing homeward at evening, and the barefooted boy who was driving them used to shrink from the place and preferred to make the circuit of its edge rather than to follow the lead of his more quiet comrades. Back of the house was a large level meadow. reaching to the very foundations of the build-Through this meadow sluggishly crept the millstream of the adjacent village. Still further, all three surroundings were inclosed by lofty hills. The life-giving sun rose later and set earlier upon this than upon the other fair homestead. Till late in the forenoon, and long before sunset left the hillside home, damp and chilling emunations arose from the meadow, and day after day enveloped the tender forms of the children that were trying n cain to grow up healthily within them. But all effort was useless. Large families were born under both roofs. Not one of the children born in the latter homestead escaped, whereas the other family remained healthy: and when, at the suggestion of a medical friend who knew all the facts we have told, we visited the place for the purpose of thoroughly investigating them, we thought that these two houses were a terribly significant illustration of the existence of this allpowerful law. Yet these two homes had nothing peculiarly noticeable by the passing stranger. They were situated in the same township and within a very short distance one from the other, and scarcely any one in the village with whom we spoke on the subject agreed with us in our opinion that it was location alone, or chiefly that, which gave life or death to the inmates of the two.

We might speak of other homesteads which seem to us now to be the very nest of consumption in consequence of this law, and yet not one parent in a hundred acknowledges even theoretically his belief in the truth of our assertion. Parents themselves, during a long residence, may escape from the dire in-fluences of location; and therefore they imagine, if their children are falling, that some other evil agency is at work, rather than this law.

We have known daughters and sisters, who, full of apparent health and strength, when consumption has seized a mother or have continued to sleep with sister. the invalid, and to breathe the same closedup atmosphere at night, and to watch all day without perhaps a moment of healthful out-of-door exercise. And we have been distressed to flud not a few of such healthy young persons gradually beginning to suffer with indigestion, debility, and finally cough, and all the symptoms of consumption.

ended. These facts are very significant; and although we are well aware that in some of them other elements of disease may have had their fatal influences, still the cases have been full of suggestions as to the necessities of greater precautions than we in this country have usually taken in this matter.

Mr. James Parton discourses about "The Mean Yankee at Home," and William Cullen Bryant has a poem from Dante: -

The following lines were written about the time of the six hundredth anniversary of the birth of Dante; which was celebrated in various parts of the civilized world in May, 1865. If they have any interest for the reader, they will owe it in a good degree to the recent admirable translations of Dante's great poem, which have familiarized the American public with the character of his mind and what he did for his own age and the ages which succeeded him—the translation of the entire poem by Longfellow, in which the naked grandeur of the original is reproduced with a severe fidelity, and that of the "Inferno," by Parsons, remarkable for the case and spirit of its rendering.

The allusion in the last started or the lines. The allusion in the last stanza of the lines here given will be readily understood to refer to the history of our own country for the year

Who, midst the grasses of the field That spring beneath our careless feet, First found the shining stems that yield The grains of life-sustaining wheat;

Who first upon the furrowed land Strowed the bright grains to sprout and And ripen for the reaper's hand-

We know not, and we cannot know. But well we know the hand that brought And scattered, far as sight can reach, The seeds of free and living thought On the broad field of modern speech.

Midst the white hills that round us lie We cherish that Great Sower's fame; And, as we pile the sheaves on high, With awe we utter Dante's name.

Six centuries, since the poet's birth, Have come and flitted o'er our sphere: The richest harvest reaped on earth Crowns the last century's closing year.

"On a Certain Condescension in Foreigners," by James Russell Lowell, is sharp and to the point. Professor Lowell speaks thus about "mother-in-law England:"-

It will take England a great while to get over her airs of patronage towards us, or even passably to conceal them. She cannot help confounding the people with the country, and regarding us as lusty juveniles. She has a conviction that whatever good there is in us is wholly English, when the truth is that we are worth nothing except so far as we have disinfected ourselves of Anglicism. She is especially condescending just now, and lavishes sugarplums on us as if we had not outgrown them am no believer in sudden conversions, especially in sudden conversions to a favorable opinion of people who have just proved you to be mistaken in judgment, and therefore unwise in policy. I never blamed her for not wishing well to democracy—how should she?— but Alabamas are not wishes. Let her not be too hasty in believing Mr. Reverdy Johnson's pleasant words. Though there is no thoughtful man in America who would not consider a war with England the greatest of calamities, yet the feeling towards her here is very far from cordial, whatever our Minister may say in the effusion that comes after ample dining. Mr. Adams, with his famous "My Lord, this means war," perfectly represented his country. Justly or not, we have a feeling that we have been wronged, not merely insulted. The only sure way of bringing about a healthy relation between the two countries is for Englishmen to clear their minds of the notion that we are always to be treated as a kind of inferior and deported Englishman whose nature they perfectly understand, and whose back they accordingly stroke the wrong way of the fur with amazing perseverance. Let them learn to treat us naturally on our merits as human beings, as they would a German or a Frenchman, and not as if we were kind of counterfeit Briton whose crime appeared in every shade of difference, and before long there would come that right feeling which we naturally call a good understanding. The common blood and, still more, the common language, are fatal instruments of misapprehension. Let them give up trying to understand us, still more thinking that they do, and acting in various absurd ways as the necessary consequence, for they will never arrive at that devoutlyconsummation till they to-be-wished learn to look at us as we are and not as they suppose us to be. Dear old long-estranged mother-in-law, it is a great many years since we parted. Since 1660, when you married again, you have been a step-mother to us. Put on your spectacles, dear madam. Yes, we have grown, and changed likewise. You would not let us darken your doors, if you could help it. We know that perfectly well. But pray, when we look to be treated as men, don't shake that rattle in our faces, nor talk baby to us any longer. 'Do, child, go to it grandam, child;

Give grandam gingdom, and it grandam will Give it a pium, a cherry, and a fig!"

"Gnadenhutten" is an interesting historical sketch by W. H. Howells, and "Cinders from the Ashes" is a racy chapter of school reminiscences by Oliver Wendell Holmes. Mr. E. P. Whipple discourses on the "Moral Significance of the Republican Triumph," and the magazine winds up with appreciative reviews and literary notices.

"Our Young Folks"

for January opens with "The Story of a Bad Boy," Mr. T. B. Aldrich's new serial story, which is followed by "My Heroine," a true story, by the author of "John Hallfax." "The Story of the Golden Christmas Tree," by Mrs-A. M. Diaz; "Among the Glassmakers," first paper, by J. T. Trowbridge; "The World we Live In," first paper, by Mrs. E. C. Agassiz; "Honor's Dream," by Mrs. Harriet Prescott Spofford; "Kitty: a Fairy Tale of Nowadays," by Aunt Fanny; "The Beautiful Gate," by Helen Wall Parsons; "Dr. Isaac I. Hayes," with a steel portrait; "The Diverting History of Little Whisky," by Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe; "Round the Evening Lamp," and "Our Letter-Box." The publishers of this magazine announce that it is designed to make its contents more practical and instructive than heretofore. Mr. Aldrich's "Story of a Bad Boy" will give the adventures of an active, wide-awake little fellow, whose love of mischief leads him into many amusing adventures; biographical sketches of navigators, voyagers, and discoverers, by James Parton, will be given. Rev. E. E. Hale, Mrs. Agassiz, J. T. Trowbridge, and other popular writers will contribute articles on practical matters, science, and an innumerable variety of interesting subjects.

- Godey's Lady's Book for January has a fine steel plate frontispiece entitled "The King's Daughter," representing Madame

In some instances, in fact, the attendant has Elizabeth, daughter of Louis XVI, sweeping died before the life of the original patient has the floor of her apartment in the Temple. A the floor of her apartment in the Temple. A fine colored fashion plate is given, and a great variety of patterns for worsted and needlework. The reading matter is, as usual, varied and interesting.

-Arthur's Home Magazine is an attractive miscellany of stories, sketches, fashion articles, domestic receipts, etc. It is nicely illustrated, and has a number of fashion and pattern plates.

-The Children's Hour, edited by T. S. Arthur & Sons, has an interesting variety of short stories, poems, and sketches, which will please the little ones. It is finely illustrated with designs by E. B. Bensell and other

GROCERIES, ETC.

FINE IMPORTED CHEESE

JUST IN STORE, A FRESH INVOICE OF

CAMEMBERT,

NEUFCHATEL, ROQUEFORT, AND OTHER FINE CHEESE.

ALSO. SPANISH QUEEN OLIVES By the gallon or quart.

SIMON COLTON & CLARKE,

S. W. Corner BROAD and WALNUT Sts., 11 7 tl 1 PHILADELPHIA.

FRESH FRUITS & PRESERVES. Bunch, Layer, Seediess, and Sultana Raisins; Currants, Citron, Oranges, Prunes, Figs, etc. Eve y de scription of Groceries, suitable for the Holidays.

ALBERT C. ROBERTS, Cor. ELEVENTH and VINE Streets,

GAS FIXTURES, ETC.

CORNELIUS & BAKER

MANUFACTURERS

GAS FIXTURES, LAMPS,

BRONZES,

LANTERNS, ETC. ETC.

STORE

No. 710 CHESNUT Street.

MANUAFOTORY

No. 821 CHERRY Street,

PHILADELPHIA H 17 tuth simrp

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS THE "CLARENDON."

THE "CLARENDON." No. 1816 CHESNUT Street

IS REOPE VED. TOMPKINS & CO

CHESNUT STREET,

OLD RYE HOTEL.

LUNCH OF VENISON, and other Game in Sesson, every day from 10% to 12 M.

ROBERT BLACK.

MIDDLE TEMPLE

HOTEL AND RESTAURANT,

No. 116 South SIXTH Street. H. REINHARD, Proprietor.

EORGE ZIELLEY

Formerly Fitzwater & Zielley, Filbert street, above Eighth street, has opened the old stand, N. W. COR, THIRD AND WOOD STS., GEORGE ZIELLEY.

GENT.'S FURNISHING GOODS, CREAT REDUCTION.

ary I, we will, until that date, offer our large Preparatory to taking account of stock Janu

MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS

Greatly Below Usual Prices,

As we have, in addition to a complete assort-ment of Shirts, Underwear, and Hosiery.

An elegant variety of Fancy Goods, compris ng Scarfs, Ties, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, and requisites for gentlemen, with a rich WRAPPERS AND BREAKFAST COATS.
This will afford an opportunity for procurin Holiday Presents at Moderate Prices.

WINCHESTER & CO., 12 10 thatu the 12 31 No. 706 CHESNUF St.

HLEM BROTHERS

WILL OPEN A NEW STOCK OF

Men's Furnishing Goods

No. 1004 CHESNUT Street, ON DECEMBER 15.

Selling off Old Stock at SEVENTH AND CHESNUT STREETS.

OPERA GLASSES.

OPERA CLASSES

A large and elegant variety. GOLD SPECTACLES,

MAGIC LANTERNS,

A very large assortment

articles for

MICROSCOPES, STEREOSCOPES, and

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS And a large variety of Useful and Ornamenta

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS. WILLIAM Y. MCALLISTER,

No. 728 CHESNUT Street.

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE MUTUAL SAFETY INSURANCE COMPANY.

The following statement of the affairs of the Company is sublished in conformity with a provision of its Charter:-PREMIUMS RECEIVED

PHILADELPHIA, November 11, 1868.

145,205 0 \$948,711.80 Premiums on Policies not marked off

\$1,355,557 51 . \$746,695 77 . 148,317-73

On Fire Risks.. \$894,923-49 Interest during the same period-Sal-

\$1,002,422 31 LOSSES, EXPENSES, ETC., Fire Lossest. 78,485 87 59,141 02 Return Premiums..... Reinsurances..... 36,106 51 50,586 63

\$291,585 00

43.555/89

23,908 65

406,845-71

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY November 1, 1868.

\$280,000 U. S. 5 per cent. Loan, 10-40s. \$208,500 00 120,000 U. S. 6 per cent. Loan, 1881... 136,800 00 50,000 U. S. 6 per cent. Loan (for Pacific Railroad)................ 50,000 00 50,000.00 200,000 State of Pennsylvania 6 per 211,875.00 128,594-00

51,500 00 20,200:00 24,000:00

30,000 State of Tennessee 5 per cent. 21,000 00 7,000 State of Tennessee 6 per cent. 5,031-25 principal and interest gnar-anteed by the City of Phi-ladelphia, 300 shares stock 15,000.00

10,000 Pennsylvania Rallroad Company, 200 shares stock....... 5,000 North Pennsylvania Rallroad Company, 100 shares gage, first liens on City

Properties

Market value, \$1,130,325 25 Cost, \$1,093,001 26. \$1,109,900 Par Real Estate. 36,000 00 Bills Receivable for Insur-Eslances due at Agencies— Premiums on Marine Poli-\$22,455 94 cles, Accrued Interest, and other debts due the Com-

1,813 00 Cashin Drawer..... 116,563 73

\$1,647,367 SO

PHILADELPHIA, November 11, 1868. The Board of Sirectors have this day declared : CASH DIVIDEND of TEN PER CENT. On the CAPITAL STOCK, and SIX PER CENT. Interest on the SCRIP of the Company, payable on and after the

ist December proximo, free of National and State They have also declared a SCRIP DIVIDEND of THIRTY PER CENT. on the EARNED PREMIUMS for the year ending October 31, 1865, certificates of which will be issued to the parties entitled to the same, on and after the 1st December proximo, free

of National and State Taxes, They have ordered, also, that the SCRIP CERTIFI-CATES OF PROFITS of the Company, for the year ending October 31, 1864, be redeemed in CASH, at the Office of the Company, on and after 1st Decembe proximo, all interest thereon to cease on that date \$3" By a provision of the Charter, all Certificates of Scrip not presented for redemption within five years after public notice that they will be redeemed, shail be forfeiled and cancelled on the Books of the Company. War No certificate of profits issued under \$25. By

ie Act of Incorporation, "no certificate shall issue uness claimed within two years after the declaration of the dividend whereof it is evidence," DIRECTORS, Edmund A. Souder, homas C. Hand,

Thomas C. Hand,
John C. Davis,
James C. Hand,
Theopi lius Paulding,
Joseph H. Seat,
Hugn Grag,
Jonu R. Penrose,
Jacob P. Jones,
James Traquair,
H. Jones Brooke,
James B. McFarland,
Edward Lanurcase,
John D. Taylor,
George W. Bernardou,
William G. Ludwig,
George G. Lelper,
George G. Lelper,
Henry C. Dallett, Jr.,
John D. Taylor,
George W. Bernardou,
William G. Boulton,
Henra G. Hand,
Sepencer M'Hyana,
John B. Semple, Pitte,
A. B. Berger,
D. T. Morran,
G. HAND, President,
JOHN G. DAVIs, Vice-President,
HENRY BALL, Assistant Secretary.
HENRY BALL, Assistant Secretary.

1829-CHARTER PERPETUAL. Franklin Fire Insurance Co. OF PHILLADELPHIA. OFFICE:

Nos. 435 and 437 CHESNUT STREET, ASSETS ON JANUARY 1, 1868, ₩2,603,740.09.

ACCRUED SURPLUS .1,154,840 20 UNSETTLED CLAIMS. INCOME FOR 1807 633,693.28 \$850,000.00. LOSSEN PAID SINCE 1829 OVER \$5 500,000. Perpennal and Temporary Policies on Liberal Terms

George Fales,
Aifreu Fitter,
Francis W. Lewis, M. D.
Thomas Sparks,
William S. Grant, Charles N. Bancker, Tobias Wagner, Samuel Grant, George W. Richards, Isaac Lea, CHARLES N. BANCKER, President.
GEORGE FALES, Vice-President.
JAS. W. McAllills TER, Secretary pro tem,
Except at Lexington, Rentucky, this Company has
no Agencies West of Pateborg. 2122

DIRECTORS.

T N S U R A N C E COMPANY NORTH AMERICA

No. 232 WALNUT STREET, PHILADA. INCORPORATED 1794. CHARTER PERPETUAL Marine, Inland, and Fire Insurance. ASSETS JANUARY 1, 1868, - \$2,001,266.72. \$20,000,000 Losses Paid in Cash Since its Organization.

DIRECTORS. Arthur G. Coffin, Samuel W. Jones, John A. Brown, Charles Taylor, Ambroae White, William Weish, Richard D. Wood, S. Morris Wain. FORS, George L. Harrison, Francis R. Cope, Eoward H. Trotter, Edward S. Clarke, T. Charlton Henry, Alfred D. Jessup, John P. White, Louis C. Madeirs. ARTHUR G. COFFIN, President, CHARLES PLATT. Secretary.
WILLIAM BUEHLER, Harrisburg, Pa-, Centra
Agent for the State of Pennsylvania.

INSURANCE COMPANIES. NSURE AT HOM

IN THE Penn Mutual Life Insurance No. 921 CHESNUT St., Philadelphia

ASSETS, 82,000,00. CHARTERED BY OUR OWN STATE. MANAGED BY OUR OWN CUIZENS, L'SSES PROMPTLY PAID, POLICIES ISSUED ON VARIOUS PLANS.

Applications may be made at the Home Office, an the Agencies throughout the State. JAMES TRAQUAIS PRESIDE
SAMUEL E. STOKES VICE PRESIDE
JNO. W. HORNER A. V. P. 801 ACTUAL
HORATIO S. SLEPBENS SECRETA

DHEMIX INSURANCE COMPANY
INCORPORATED 1861—CHARTER PERPETU.
No. 224 WALL of Tairett, opposite the Exchange This Company insures from 10es or damage by FIR 8,
on liberal terms, on buildings, merchandes, furnite cic., for limited periods, and permanently on out light by deposit of premium.
The Company has been in active operation for mithan SIXTY YEARS, during which all 10eses he been promptly adjusted and pail,
John L. Hodge, DIKETOHS.
S. E. Mahody, Lewis, Tooms H. Powers,
William S. Graet, Robert W. Leaming, Edwin Castling,
Samuel Wilcox, Serveiny,
Tailed Insurance Exclusives of the Exclusive o

THE INSURANCE EXCLUSIVELY—TI
FENNSYLVANIA FIRE INSURANCE OF
PANY—Incorporated BED—Charter Perpetual—
510 WALNUT Street, opposite Independence Squa
This Company, favorably known to the communi
for over forty years, continues to insure against it
or damage by fire on Public of Private Buildin
either permanently or for a limited time. Aiso
Forbiture Stocks of Goods, and Merchandise ger
raily, on liberal terms,
Their Capital, together with a large Supplus Pur
is invested in the most careful manner, which enabled the case of loss.

DIRECTORS.

Daniel Smith, Jr.,
Alexander Beoson,
Isaac Hazlehurst,
Thomas Robins,
Daniel Haddock, Jr.,
WM. CROWELL, Secretary.

STRICTLY MUTUAL

PROVIDENT LIFE AND TRUST C OF PHILADELPHIA. OFFICE, No. 111 S. FOURTH STREET

members of the SOUTETY OF FRIENDS. Good risks of any class accepted.

Poincies issued upon approved plans, at the lowerates. Tales,

President,
SAMUEL R. SHIPLEY,
Vice-President, William C. LONGSTRETH,
Actuary, HOWLAND PARRY,
The Edvantages offered by this Company are
excelled

MPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPAN

LONDON. ESTABLISHED 1803. Paid-up Capital and Accumulated Funds,

\$8,000,000 IN COLD PREVOST & HERRING, Agents, 114 Sm. No. 167 South THIRD Street, Phila.

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPAN LIFE OF THE

United States of America, WASHINGTON, D. C. Chartered by Special Act of Congress

Approved July 25, 1868. CASH CAPITAL, \$1.000,000

BRANCH OFFICE: FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,

PHILADELPHIA. Where the business of the Company is transacted, and to which all general correspondence should be addressed.

DIRECTORS. CLARENCE H, CLARK, JAY COOKE, F. RATCHFORD STARE, WM. E. CHANDLER, W. G. MOORHEAD, W. G. MOORHEAD, GEORGE F. TYLER, J. HINCKLEY CLARK, H. C. FAHRESTOCK.

OFFICERS.

CLARENCE H. CLARK, Philadelphia, President, JAY COOKE, Chairman Finance and Executive Committee, HENRY D. COOKE, Washington, Vice-President, EMERSON W. PRET, Philadelphia, decretary

MEDICAL ADVISORY BOARD. J. K. BARNES, Surgeon-General U. S. A., Washington,
P. J. Horwitz, Chief Medical Departmen
U.S. N., Washington.
D. W. Bliss, M. D., Washington.

SOLICITORS AND ATTORNEYS. Hon. WM. E. CHANDLER, Washington, D. C. GEORGE HARDING, Philadelphia, Pa.

THE ADVANTAGES Offered by this Company are:-

It is a National Company, chartered by special act of Congress, 18 It has a paid-up capital of \$1,000,000. It offers low rates of premium. It furnishes larger insurance than other companies for the same money

It is definite and certain in its terms. It is a nome company in every locality. Its policies are exempt from attachment. There are no unnecessary restrictions in the policies.

Every policy is non-forfeitable.

Policies may be taken which pay to the insured their full amount and return all the premiums, so that the insurance costs only the in-

terest on the annual payments.

Policies may be taken that will pay to the insured, after a certain number of years, during life an annual income of one-tenth the amount named in the policy.

No extra rate is charged for risks upon the lives of females.
It insures not to pay dividends, but at so low a cost that dividends will be impossible.

TO RENT.

OR PREMISES, No. 809 CHESNUT St.,

ALSO, OFFICES AND LARGE ROOMS suitable for a Commercial College, Apply at BANK OF THE REPUBLIC.

FOR STORE OR OFFICE.

HATS AND CAPS.

JONES, TEMPLE & CO.,
FASHIONABLE HATT
No. 25 B, NINTH Street, First door above Chesnut street.

WARBURTON'S IMPROVED VENTI lated, and easy-fitting Press Hats (patented), in all the improved fashlons of the season. OHES-NUT Street, next door to the Post Office. 11 19 550